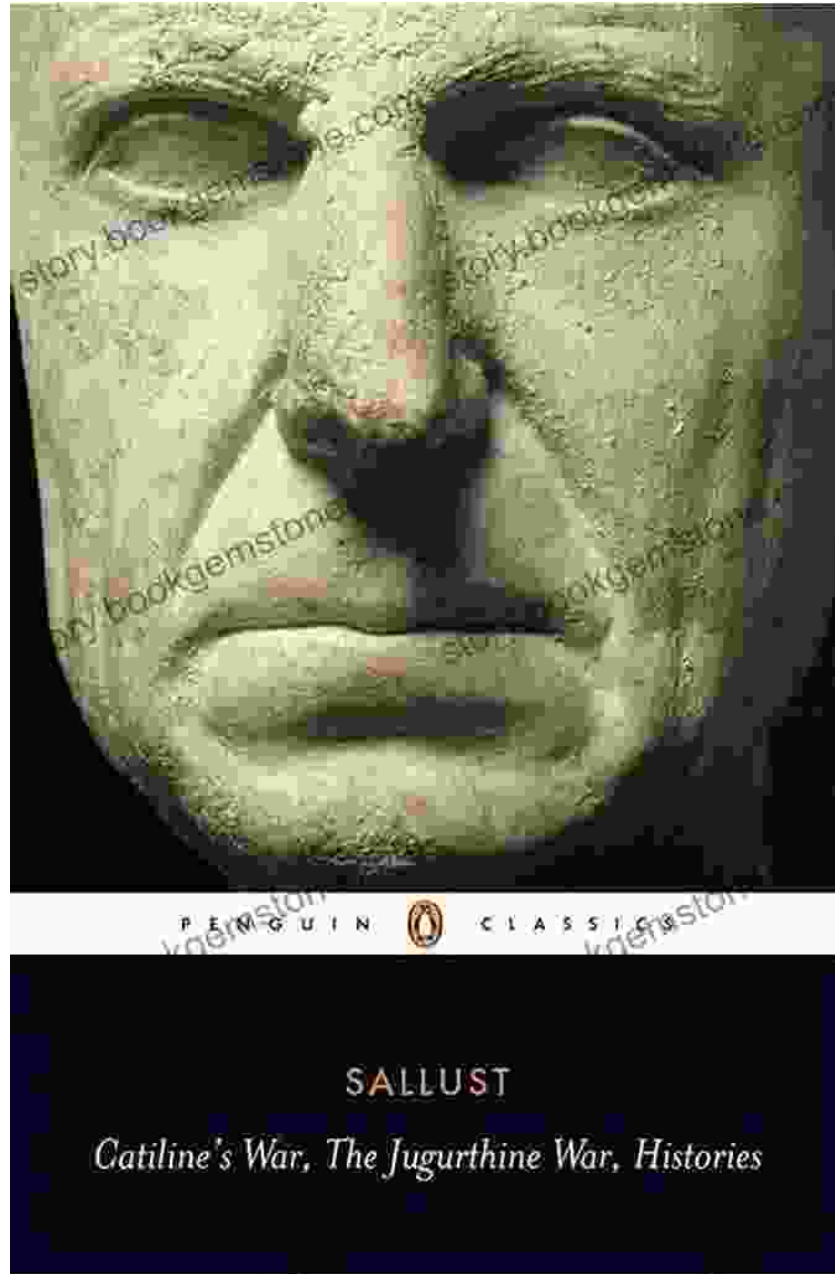


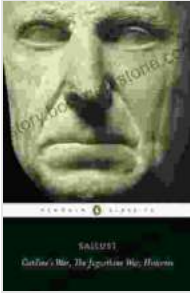
The Catiline War: The Jugurthine War Histories Penguin Classics



Catiline's War, The Jugurthine War, Histories (Penguin Classics) by Sallust

★★★★☆ 4.7 out of 5

Language : English



File size : 1964 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 238 pages
Screen Reader : Supported



The Catiline War: The Jugurthine War Histories Penguin Classics is a must-read for anyone interested in Roman history. This book provides a detailed account of two of the most important wars in Roman history, and it is written by one of the greatest historians of all time, Sallust.

The Catiline War was a civil war that took place in Rome in 63 BC. The war was fought between the forces of the Roman Republic, led by Cicero, and the forces of Catiline, a Roman senator who was accused of plotting to overthrow the government. The war ended with the defeat of Catiline and his forces, and it is considered to be one of the most important events in Roman history.

The Jugurthine War was a war that took place in North Africa from 111 to 105 BC. The war was fought between the forces of the Roman Republic, led by Marius, and the forces of Jugurtha, king of Numidia. The war ended with the defeat of Jugurtha and his forces, and it is considered to be one of the most important events in Roman history.

Sallust was a Roman historian who lived from 86 to 34 BC. He is considered to be one of the greatest historians of all time, and his works

are still widely read today. Sallust's writings are known for their accuracy, their objectivity, and their literary style.

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The Catiline War and the Jugurthine War were two of the most important wars in Roman history. The Catiline War was a civil war that took place in Rome in 63 BC, while the Jugurthine War was a war that took place in North Africa from 111 to 105 BC. Both wars had a significant impact on the course of Roman history, and they are still studied today by historians and political scientists.

The Catiline War

The Catiline War was a civil war that took place in Rome in 63 BC. The war was fought between the forces of the Roman Republic, led by Cicero, and the forces of Catiline, a Roman senator who was accused of plotting to overthrow the government.

Catiline was a charismatic and ambitious man who had been a supporter of Sulla during the Roman civil wars. After Sulla's death, Catiline became involved in a series of plots to overthrow the government. In 63 BC, Catiline was elected to the consulship, but his election was annulled by the Senate. Catiline then raised an army and marched on Rome.

Cicero, who was consul at the time, rallied the forces of the Republic and defeated Catiline's army at the Battle of Pistoria. Catiline was killed in the battle, and his followers were scattered.

The Jugurthine War

The Jugurthine War was a war that took place in North Africa from 111 to 105 BC. The war was fought between the forces of the Roman Republic, led by Marius, and the forces of Jugurtha, king of Numidia.

Jugurtha was a skilled military leader who had inherited the throne of Numidia from his uncle, Micipsa. Micipsa had divided his kingdom between Jugurtha and his two sons, but Jugurtha soon killed his cousins and seized their share of the kingdom.

The Romans, who had been allies of Micipsa, were outraged by Jugurtha's actions. They sent an army to North Africa to restore the rightful heirs to the throne.

The war was long and bloody. Jugurtha was a skilled guerrilla fighter, and he used the vast desert terrain of North Africa to his advantage. The Romans were eventually able to defeat Jugurtha, but only after suffering heavy losses.

Sallust

Sallust was a Roman historian who lived from 86 to 34 BC. He is considered to be one of the greatest historians of all time, and his works are still widely read today.

Sallust was born in Amiternum, Italy, to a wealthy family. He studied rhetoric and law, and he began his political career at a young age. Sallust served as a military tribune in the Roman army, and he later held several political offices, including tribune of the plebs and praetor.

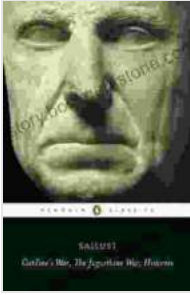
In 50 BC, Sallust was expelled from the Senate by the censors. He retired from public life and devoted himself to writing history. Sallust's works include *The Catiline War*, *The Jugurthine War*, and *The Histories*.

Sallust's writings are known for their accuracy, their objectivity, and their literary style. He was a master of historical narrative, and his works are still studied today by historians and political scientists.

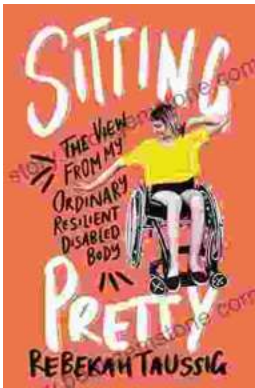
The Catiline War and *the Jugurthine War* were two of the most important wars in Roman history. These wars had a significant impact on the course of Roman history, and they are still studied today by historians and political scientists. Sallust's *The Catiline War* and *The Jugurthine War* are essential reading for anyone who wants to understand Roman history.

The Catiline War: The Jugurthine War Histories Penguin Classics is a must-have for any serious student of Roman history. This book provides a detailed account of two of the most important wars in Roman history, and it is written by one of the greatest historians of all time, Sallust.

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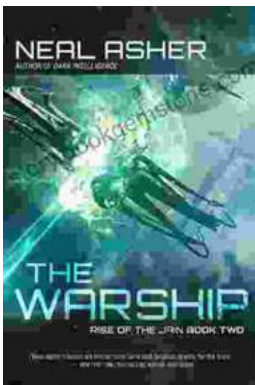


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